

Chapter - 2

Cube and Cube roots

cube of a number is product of number multiplied by itself 3 times

n	n^3
1	1
2	8
3	27
4	64
5	125
6	216
7	343
8	512
9	729
10	1000

Properties of Cube Numbers

- The cube of an even number is always even, whereas the cube of an odd number is always odd.
- The cube of any multiple of 2 is divisible by 8
 $(4)^3 = 64$ which is divisible by 8
 $(12)^3 = 1728$ which is divisible by 8
- The cube of any multiple of 3 is divisible by 27
 $(9)^3 = 729$ which is divisible by 27

$(12)^3 = 1728$ which is divisible by 27

IV. The cube of a negative number is always negative

$$(-2)^3 = (-2) \times (-2) \times (-2) = -8, \quad 4 \times (-2) = -8$$

$$(-5)^3 = (-5) \times (-5) \times (-5) = -125, \quad 25 \times (-5) = -125$$

V. The cube of positive number is always positive.

VI. The cube of a rational number is equal to the cube of its numerator divided by the cube of its denominator $\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^3 = \frac{27}{125}$

W.S-1

Q1 Find the cubes of:

$$(i) \quad 8^3 = 8 \times 8 \times 8 \\ = 512$$

$$(ii) \quad 13^3 = 13 \times 13 \times 13 \\ = 2197$$

$$(iii) \quad 17^3 = 17 \times 17 \times 17 \\ = 4913$$

$$(vi) \quad 0.4^3 = 0.4 \times 0.4 \times 0.4 \\ = 0.064$$

$$(iv) \quad 1.3^3 = 1.3 \times 1.3 \times 1.3 \\ = 2.197$$

$$(ix) \quad -9^3 = (-9) \times (-9) \times (-9) \\ = -729$$

$$(v) \quad 0.06^3 = 0.06 \times 0.06 \times 0.06 \\ = 0.000216$$

$$(x) \quad -12^3 = (-12) \times (-12) \times (-12) \\ = -1728$$

$$(vii) \quad \frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} \\ = \frac{8}{27}$$

$$(vii) (-7)^3 = (-7) \times (-7) \times (-7)$$

$$= -343$$

Q2: Which of the following are perfect cubes:

(i) 4096

$$4096 = \overbrace{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \overbrace{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \overbrace{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \overbrace{2 \times 2 \times 2}$$

2	4096
2	2048
2	1024
2	512
2	256
2	128
2	64
2	32
2	16
2	8
2	4
2	2
	1

Since prime factors of 4096 can be grouped in triplets and no factor is left out so it is perfect cube.

(iv) -27000

$$-27000 = -\overbrace{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \overbrace{3 \times 3 \times 3} \times \overbrace{5 \times 5 \times 5}$$

2	27000
2	13500
2	6750
3	3375
3	1125
3	375
5	125
5	25
5	5
	1

Since prime factors of -27000 can be grouped into triplets no factor is left out so it is a perfect cube.

(v) -64
 131

$$-2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$$

$$11 \times 11 \times 11$$

Since prime factor of -64 can be grouped into triplets no factor 131 is left out so it is a perfect cube.

Q3: Given no. = 2560

$$2560 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5$$

On writing the prime factor of 2560 in triplets no factor 5 is left out so it is ^{not} a perfect square ~~cube~~ not a perfect cube

$$5 \times 5 = 25$$

$$2560 \times 25 = 64000$$

2	2560
2	1280
2	640
2	320
2	160
2	80
2	40
2	20
2	10
5	5
	1

Q4: Given no. = 8788

$$8788 = 2 \times 2 \times 13 \times 13 \times 13$$

On writing the triplets of prime factor we are left out with $2 \times 2 = 4$, so req. no. is

4

2	8788
2	4394
13	2197
13	169
13	13
	1

WS-1 (HW)

Q2: (ii) 108

$$108 = \overline{2 \times 2} \times \overline{3 \times 3 \times 3}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 108 \\ \hline 2 & 54 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 3 & 27 \\ \hline 3 & 9 \\ \hline 3 & 3 \end{array}$$

Since prime factor of 108 can't be grouped into triplets as factor 2 x 2 is left out so it is not a perfect square cube

(iii) 392

$$392 = \overline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \overline{7 \times 7}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 392 \\ \hline 2 & 196 \\ \hline 2 & 98 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 7 & 49 \\ \hline 7 & 7 \\ \hline & 1 \end{array}$$

Since prime factor of 392 can't be grouped into triplets as factor 2 x 7 is left out so it is not a perfect cube.

WS-2

Q1: Find the cube root

(i) 5832

$$5832 = \overline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \overline{3 \times 3 \times 3} \times \overline{3 \times 3 \times 3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt[3]{5832} &= 2 \times 3 \times 3 \\ &= 18 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 5832 \\ \hline 2 & 2916 \\ \hline 2 & 1458 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 3 & 729 \\ \hline 3 & 243 \\ \hline 3 & 81 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 3 & 27 \\ \hline 3 & 9 \\ \hline 3 & 3 \end{array}$$

1

(ii) 216000

$$216000 = \underbrace{2 \times 2 \times 2}_{2^3} \times \underbrace{2 \times 2 \times 2}_{2^3} \times \underbrace{2 \times 2 \times 2}_{2^3} \times \underbrace{3 \times 3 \times 3}_{3^3} \times \underbrace{5 \times 5 \times 5}_{5^3}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{216000} = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 = 60$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 216000} \\ \underline{2} \\ 2 \\ \underline{2} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 27000} \\ \underline{2} \\ 2 \\ \underline{2} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \overline{) 3375} \\ \underline{3} \\ 3 \\ \underline{3} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \overline{) 125} \\ \underline{5} \\ 5 \\ \underline{5} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

Q2: Find the cube root

(ii) -2744000

$$2744000 = \underbrace{2 \times 2 \times 2}_{2^3} \times \underbrace{2 \times 2 \times 2}_{2^3} \times \underbrace{5 \times 5 \times 5}_{5^3} \times \underbrace{7 \times 7 \times 7}_{7^3}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{2744000} = 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 7 = 140$$

$$\sqrt[3]{-2744000} = -140$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) -2744000} \\ \underline{2} \\ 2 \\ \underline{2} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 343000} \\ \underline{2} \\ 2 \\ \underline{2} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \overline{) 42875} \\ \underline{5} \\ 5 \\ \underline{5} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \overline{) 343} \\ \underline{7} \\ 7 \\ \underline{7} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

(iii) -474552

$$474552 = \overline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \overline{3 \times 3 \times 3} \times \overline{13 \times 13 \times 13}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{474552} = 2 \times 3 \times 13 = 78$$

$\therefore \sqrt[3]{-474552} = -78$

2	474552
2	237276
2	118638
3	59319
3	19773
3	6591
13	2197
13	169
13	13
	1

Q3 evaluate

(i) $\sqrt[3]{8 \times 125}$

$$\sqrt[3]{2^3 \times 5^3}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{(2 \times 5)^3}$$

$$= 10$$

(ii) $\sqrt[3]{3375 \times (-729)}$

$$\sqrt[3]{3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{3^3 \times 5^3 \times 3^3 \times 3^3}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{(3 \times 5 \times 3 \times 3)^3} = -135$$

(iii) $\sqrt[3]{4^3 \times 5^3}$

$\sqrt[3]{(4 \times 5)^3}$

$= 20$

Q4: Find the cube root

(i) $\sqrt[3]{\frac{4913}{3375}}$

$\sqrt[3]{4913}$

$\sqrt[3]{3375}$

$\sqrt[3]{17^3}$

$\sqrt[3]{15^3}$

$= \frac{17}{15}$

$= 1 \frac{2}{15}$

(ii) $\sqrt[3]{-\frac{512}{343}}$

$\sqrt[3]{\frac{8^3}{7^3}}$

$\sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{8}{7}\right)^3}$

$= -\frac{8}{7} = -1 \frac{1}{7}$

(iii)

$$\begin{array}{r} +686 \quad 343 \\ \sqrt[3]{\quad} \\ +262 \quad 1331 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{\begin{array}{r} 7^3 \\ 11^3 \end{array}}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{7}{11}\right)^3} = \frac{7}{11}$$

Q5: given no. = 5400

$$5400 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5$$

on making the triplets of prime factors we are left out with 5x5 so req. no. is 5

2	5400
2	2700
2	1350
3	675
3	225
3	75
5	25
5	5
	1

WS-2 (HW)

Q1(ii) 1728

$$1728 = \overline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \overline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \overline{3 \times 3 \times 3}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{1728} = 2 \times 2 \times 3 = 12$$

2	1728
2	864
2	432
2	216
2	108
2	54
3	27
3	9
3	3
	1

(IV) $\sqrt[3]{21952}$

$21952 = \overline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \overline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \overline{7 \times 7 \times 7}$

$\sqrt[3]{21952} = 2 \times 2 \times 7$
 $= 28$

2	21952
2	10976
2	5488
2	2744
2	1372
2	686
7	343
7	49
7	7
	1

Q2: Find the cube root

(i) -1728

$-1728 = \overline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \overline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \overline{3 \times 3 \times 3}$

$-\sqrt[3]{1728} = 2 \times 2 \times 3$
 $= -12$

2	1728
2	864
2	432
2	216
2	108
2	54
3	27
3	9
3	3
	1

(IV) -5832

$-5832 = \overline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \overline{3 \times 3 \times 3} \times \overline{3 \times 3 \times 3}$

$\sqrt[3]{5832} = 2 \times 3 \times 3$
 $= -18$

2	5832
2	2916
2	1458
3	729
3	243
3	81
3	27
3	9
3	3
	1

Q6: Given no. = 16384

$$16384 = \underbrace{2 \times 2 \times 2}_{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \underbrace{2 \times 2 \times 2}_{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \underbrace{2 \times 2 \times 2}_{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \underbrace{2 \times 2 \times 2}_{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \underbrace{2 \times 2 \times 2}_{2 \times 2 \times 2}$$

On making the triplets of prime factors we are left out with 2×2 so required no. is 4

2	16384
2	8192
2	4096
2	2048
2	1024
2	512
2	256
2	128
2	64
2	32
2	16
2	8
2	4
2	2
	1

Q7: Find the cube root

(i) 10648

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \quad \checkmark \quad 648 \\ \text{II} \quad \text{I} \end{array}$$

$$8^3 = 512$$

Since 2 is at ones place, so 2 will be at ones place of req. cube root

$$8 < 10 < 27$$

$$2^3 < 10 < 3^3$$

Since $2 < 3$

So 2 will be at tens place

$$\sqrt[3]{10648} = 22$$

(ii) 15625

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \quad 625 \\ \hline \text{II} \quad \text{I} \end{array}$$

$$5^3 = 125$$

Since 5 is at ones place of req. cube root

$$8 < 15 < 27$$

$$2^3 < 15 < 3^3$$

Since $2 < 3$ at tens place

So 2 is at tens place of req. cube root

$$\sqrt[3]{15625} = 25$$

(iii) 110592

$$\begin{array}{r} 110 \quad 592 \\ \hline \text{II} \quad \text{I} \end{array}$$

$$2^3 = 8$$

Since 8 is at ones place

So 8 will be at ones place of req. cube root.

$$64 < 110 < 125$$

$$4^3 < 100 < 5^3$$

Since $4 < 5$

So 4 is at tens place of req. cube root.

$$\sqrt[3]{110592} = 48$$

Value Based

Q1 a) Side of cube = 65 cm

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Volume of cube} &= \text{Side} \times \text{Side} \times \text{Side} \\ &= 65 \times 65 \times 65 \text{ cm}^3 \end{aligned}$$

(i) Volume of 6 cartons = $6 \times 65 \times 65 \times 65$
 $= 1647750 \text{ cm}^3$

(ii) Helpful, caring, kind

Q2: Let no. of prizes of discipline be x
 Let no. of prizes for cleanliness be $2x$
 Let no. of prizes for regularity be $3x$

ATQ

$$x \times 2x \times 3x = 162$$

$$6x^3 = 162$$

$$x^3 = \frac{162}{6} = 27$$

$$x = \sqrt[3]{27}$$

$$x = 3$$

No. of prizes for discipline = 3

No. of prizes for cleanliness = $2 \times 3 = 6$

No. of prizes for regularity = $3 \times 3 = 9$

b) \mathbb{F} Truthfulness, Respectful, Honesty

Brain Teasers

Q1(B) Answer the following

a) 1728

$$1728 = \underline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \underline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \underline{3 \times 3 \times 3}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{1728} = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \\ = 12$$

2	1728
2	864
2	432
2	216
2	108
2	54
3	27
3	9
3	3
	1

b) $\sqrt[3]{216 \times (-125)}$

$$= -\sqrt[3]{6^3 \times 5^3}$$

$$= -\sqrt[3]{(6 \times 5)^3}$$

$$= -30$$

c)

$$\sqrt[3]{0.000001}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{(0.1)^3}$$

$$= 0.1$$

e)

$$\sqrt[3]{\begin{array}{l} 0.512 \\ 0.343 \end{array}}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{\begin{array}{l} 0.512 \\ 0.343 \end{array}}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{\begin{array}{l} 0.8^3 \\ 0.7^3 \end{array}}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{\begin{array}{l} (0.8)^3 \\ (0.7)^3 \end{array}} = \frac{0.8}{0.7}$$

$$= \frac{8}{7} \times \frac{10}{10}$$

$$= \frac{8}{7} = 1\frac{1}{7}$$

Q4: Find the cubes of

(i) $0.6^3 = \cancel{0.612} 0.216$

(ii) $(-3.1)^3 = (-3.1) \times (-3.1) \times (-3.1)$
 $= -29.791$

(iii) $(-0.01)^3 = (-0.01) \times (-0.01) \times (-0.01)$
 $= 0.000001$

Q5: Find the value

(i) $\sqrt[3]{0.008}$
 $= \sqrt[3]{(0.2)^3}$

$$= 0.2$$

$$(ii) \quad \sqrt[3]{\frac{-64}{1331}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt[3]{-64}}{\sqrt[3]{1331}} = \frac{-4}{11}$$

$$(iii) \quad \sqrt[3]{27 \times 2744}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7}$$

$$= 3 \times 2 \times 7 = 42$$

Q6: Given no. = 3600

2	3600
2	1800
2	900
2	450
3	225
3	75
5	25
5	5

$$3600 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5$$

On making the prime factor of 3600 in triplet we came to know $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 = 60$ is to be multiplied by 3600 to make it perfect cube

$$3600 \times 60 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5$$

$$\sqrt[3]{216000} = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 = 60$$

$$Q7 \quad \sqrt[3]{\frac{0.027}{0.008}} \div \sqrt[3]{\frac{0.09}{0.04}} - 1$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{\frac{(0.3)^3}{(0.2)^3}} \div \sqrt[3]{\frac{(0.3)^2}{(0.2)^2}} - 1$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{\frac{(0.3)^3}{(0.2)^3}} \div \sqrt[3]{\frac{(0.3)^2}{(0.2)^2}} - 1$$

$$= \frac{0.3}{0.2} \div \frac{0.3}{0.2} - 1$$

$$= \frac{0.3 \times 0.2}{0.2 \times 0.3} - 1$$

$$= \frac{0.2 \times 0.3}{0.2 \times 0.3} - 1 = 1 - 1 = 0$$

Q8: Estimate (ws-2)

(i) 10648

10 648
II I

done by mistake

$$8^3 = 512$$

so 2 is at ones place.

since 2 will be at ones place of the req. cube root

$$8 < 10 < 27$$

$$2^3 < 10 < 3^3$$

Since $2 < 3$

so 2 will be at tens place

$$\sqrt[3]{10648} = 22$$

Q8 Estimate

(i) 6859

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \quad 859 \\ \text{II} \quad \text{I} \end{array}$$

$$9^3 = 729$$

Since 9 is at ones place

so 9 will be at ones place of req. cube root.

$$1 < 6 < 8$$

$$1^3 < 6 < 2^3$$

$$1^3 < 6 < 2^3$$

since $1 < 2$

so 1 will be at tens place

$$\sqrt[3]{6859} = 19$$

(ii) 12167

$$\begin{array}{r} 12 \quad 167 \\ \text{II} \quad \text{I} \end{array}$$

$$7^3 = 343$$

Since 3 is at ones place

so 3 will be at ones place of the req. cube root.

$$8 < 12 < 27$$

$$2^3 < 12 < 3^3$$

since $2 < 3$

so 2 will be at tens place

$$\sqrt[3]{12167} = 32$$

(iii) 32768

$$\begin{array}{r} 32 \quad 768 \\ \text{II} \quad \text{I} \end{array}$$

$$8^3 = 512$$

Since 2 is at ones place

so 2 will be at ones place of the req. cube root.

$$27 \angle 32 \angle 64$$

$$3^3 \angle 32 \angle 4^3$$

Since 3 < 4

so 3 will be at tens place

$$\sqrt[3]{38768} = 32$$

HW

Q 1(B) d) given no. = 1715

$$1715 = 5 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7$$

5	1715
7	343
7	49
7	7
	1

On making the triplets of prime factors we are left out with 5

∴ so required no. is 5

Q 7 Estimation (HW)

(iv) 91125

$$\begin{array}{r} 91 \quad 125 \\ \text{II} \quad \text{I} \end{array}$$

$$5^3 = 125$$

Since 5 is at ones place

so 5 will be at ones place of the req. cube root.

$$64 < 91 < 125$$

$$4^3 < 91 < 5^3$$

since $4 < 5$

so 4 will be at tens place of the req. cube root.

Excellent work.

$$\sqrt[3]{9125} = 45$$

~~8 | 24 | 22~~

Q2: Let given no. be x

$$\text{Cube of } x = x^3$$

When no. is tripled

$$\text{new no.} = 3x$$

$$\text{Cube of new no.} = (3x)^3$$

$$3x \times 3x \times 3x = 27x^3$$

$$\text{Since } 27x^3 = 27 \times x^3$$

So if a no. is tripled its cube become 27 times

$$Q3 \quad 2^3 = 8$$

$$3^3 = 27$$

$$4^3 = 64$$

$$5^3 = 125$$

$$6^3 = 216$$

$$7^3 = 343$$

$$8^3 = 512$$

$$9^3 = 729$$

It is observed that cube of even no. is even and cube of odd no. is odd

HOTS

$$1. \quad \sqrt[3]{288} \sqrt{72} \sqrt[3]{27}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{288} \sqrt{72} \sqrt{(3)^3}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{288} \sqrt{72} \times 3$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{288} \sqrt{216}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{288} (6)^3$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{288} \times 6$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{1728}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{(12)^3}$$

$$= 12$$

Q2: Let req. no. be $2x, 3x, 4x$

ATQ

$$(2x)^3 + (3x)^3 + (4x)^3 = 33957$$

$$8x^3 + 27x^3 + 64x^3 = 33957$$

$$99x^3 = 33957$$

$$x^3 = \frac{33957}{99} = 343$$

$$x = \sqrt[3]{343}$$

$$x = 7$$

So req. no. are:

$$2 \times 7 = 14$$

$$3 \times 7 = 21$$

$$4 \times 7 = 28$$

Enrichment Questions

1. 4741632

$$\begin{array}{cc} 4741 & 632 \\ \text{II} & \text{I} \end{array}$$

$$2^3 = 8$$

So 8 will be at ones place of req. cube root.

$$4096 < 4741 < 4913$$

$$16^3 < 4741 < 17^3$$

$$16 < 17$$

So 1, 6 will be at tens place and hundreds place

$$\sqrt[3]{4741632} = 168$$

2. Surface area of cube = 150 cm^2

$$6 \text{ side}^2 = 150$$

$$\text{side}^2 = \frac{150}{6} = 25$$

$$\text{side}^2 = 25$$

$$\text{side} = 5$$

Volume of cube = side^3

$$5^3 = 5 \times 5 \times 5$$

$$= 125 \text{ cm}^3$$